TABLE 2

RCM

REINTEGRATION

Principle: To make returned migrants visible in the country of origin.

Principle of non-discrimination.

Reception should be implemented in a comprehensive manner, with a human rights approach. Depending on each case, the health or education system or others will be prioritized. A responsibility that is shared with civil society. To improve coordination mechanisms. To facilitate prior documentation in order to activate the required assistance.

To review relevant regulations in each country. Specific actions. A bill relating to migration (RCM). To establish a new instrument. (Institutional coordination, civil society). To establish a governing body that forces State institutions to collaborate in matters relating to migration, that enables linking coordination between civil society and international organizations. A legal framework that forces relevant officers to implement specific actions relating to migration.

Awareness-raising of civil servants at every level.

To identify needs and to establish a profile for each case.

A general assessment of returned populations.

To develop policies on migration based on the assessment of populations of returned migrants.

Action: To carry out an assessment, within the framework of RCM, that enables developing national and regional policies (multisectoral), with a focus on reintegration actions. Mapping of relevant institutions involved in the matter.

To review relevant regulations in each country with the aim of institutionalizing processes.

Mechanisms for law enforcement and to strengthen relevant institutions in matters relating to reintegration.

Institutional coordination for reintegration.

Should be through legislation, to have resources and multisectoral (civil society). Political and technical decision-making.

According to each profile, to activate and identify relevant institutions in order to address and provide comprehensive assistance to each individual.

Action:

To establish a governing body for decision-making on reintegration, and an operative body for immediate response to each case.

The principle of free will. Each person decides if they want to reintegrate into society or not.

To establish the objective of reintegration and the scope of the reintegration process. To focus on populations of returned migrants to initiate reintegration processes.

To involve and address working in the local community as an important element that enables migrants to develop a sense of belonging.

Awareness-raising on the topic at a local level.

Implementation of local public policies. To include the topic of reintegration. With participation of civil society.

To develop appropriate conditions to involve the private sector in the topic.

Reintegration is an awareness-raising process, with participation of all institutions and awareness-raising and promotion to avoid re-victimization. To implement strategic campaigns involving all key actors Campaigns to destigmatize returned migrants. To implement campaigns at an urban and a rural level.

Monitoring systems

A data base to identify cases that require follow-up and to establish links between statistical data. International cooperation is an important factor. To establish a profile for each migrant.

Multisectoriality